OHIO **FARM REPORT**

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FEATURING: □Hog Inventory

□Egg Production

□Milk Production

□Livestock Slaughter □Cold storage

OHIO HOG INVENTORY UP ONE PERCENT U.S. HOG INVENTORY UP ONE PERCENT

Ohio hog producers had 1,500,000 hogs on hand September 1, 2004 up one percent from a year earlier, and up two percent from last quarter. The number of market hogs, at 1,340,000 head, was up one percent from last year and two percent above last quarter. Breeding stock, at 160,000 head, rose three percent from last quarter and last year. The pig crop during the June-August 2004 quarter numbered 659,000 head, down three percent from last year, but up one from last quarter. The number of sows farrowed during the June-August 2004 quarter at 74,000 was down three percent from last year but up one percent from last quarter. Pigs saved per litter averaged 8.9, unchanged from the same period last year, and last quarter. Ohio producers intend to farrow 74,000 sows during the September-November 2004 quarter, unchanged from last year. Farrowing intentions for the winter quarter, December 2004-February 2005, is 74,000 sows, unchanged from the same quarter of 2004.

U.S. inventory of all hogs and pigs on September 1, 2004 was 61.4 million head. This was one percent above both September 1, 2003, and June 1, 2004. Breeding inventory, at 5.98 million head, was up one percent from September 1, 2003, and also up

one percent from last quarter. Market hog inventory, at 55.4 million head, was one percent above last year and two percent above last quarter.

The June-August 2004 U.S. pig crop, at 26.0 million head, was up one percent from both 2003 and 2002. Sows farrowing during this period totaled 2.89 million head, one percent below last year. The sows farrowed during this quarter represented 49 percent of the breeding herd. The average pigs saved per litter was 9.00 for the June-August 2004 period, compared to 8.90 last year. Pigs saved per litter by size of operation ranged from 7.50 for operations with 1-99 hogs to 9.10 for operations with more than 5,000 hogs and pigs.

U.S. hog producers intend to have 2.86 million sows farrow during the September-November 2004 quarter, one percent above the actual farrows during the same period in both 2003 and 2002. Intended farrowings for December 2004-February 2005, at 2.85 million sows, are up one percent from the same period in 2004, and up three percent from the same period in 2003.

HOG AND PIG INVENTORY-SEPTEMBER 1 2003 AND 2004

Selected		Hogs and pigs for breeding		s for market	All hogs and pigs		
States	2003	2004	2003	2003 2004		2004	
	Thousand Head						
Illinois	420	410	3,530	3,590	3,950	4,000	
Indiana	300	300	2,750	2,950	3,050	3,250	
Iowa	1,030	1,060	15,070	15,240	16,100	16,300	
North Carolina	1,000	1,050	9,200	9,250	10,200	10,300	
Ohio	155	160	1,325	1,340	1,480	1,500	
UNITED STATES	5,918	5,983	54,941	55,400	60,859	61,384	

MARKET HOGS Under 60 lbs 60-119 lbs. 120-179 lbs. Selected 180 and over States 2003 2004 2003 2003 2004 2003 2004 Thousand Head 870 770 Illinois 1,310 1,380 840 770 580 600 Indiana 1,030 1,080 690 710 550 600 480 560 3,350 4,760 4,640 4,100 4,200 3,400 2,810 3,050 Iowa 2,350 1,850 North Carolina 3,650 3,650 2,350 1,850 1,350 1,400 Ohio 545 345 330 280 270 155 180 560 13,729 9,982 **UNITED STATES** 20,368 20,540 13,644 11,334 11,236 9,510

SOWS FARROWING AND PIG CROP - SELECTED STATES

		March-May				June-August				
Selected	Sows fa	Sows farrowing		Pig crop ^{1/} S		Sows farrowing		Pig crop 1/		
States	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004		
				Th	ousand Head					
Illinois	215	215	1,914	1,914	215	205	1,903	1,825		
Indiana	145	135	1,298	1,202	150	140	1,343	1,260		
Iowa	470	430	4,089	3,763	450	430	3,915	3,827		
North Carolina	540	550	4,860	5,005	560	560	5,040	5,124		
Ohio	73	73	657	650	76	74	676	659		
UNITED STATES	2,885	2,857	25,627	25,520	2,906	2,888	25,869	26,005		

Number of pigs born include number on hand and those already sold.

FARROWING INTENTIONS - SELECTED STATES

Selected		September-Novemb	er	December-February 1/			
States	2003 2/	2004 3/	04/03	2004 2/	2005 3/	05/04	
	Thousa	and Head Pct Thousand Head		Pct			
Illinois	205	205	100	205	205	100	
Indiana	145	140	97	145	140	97	
Iowa	430	450	105	400	450	113	
North Carolina	540	550	102	550	550	100	
Ohio	74	74	100	74	74	100	
UNITED STATES	2 841	2.865	101	2.827	2.855	101	

^{1/} December of the proceeding year. ^{2/} Actual number of sows farrowed. ^{3/} Intentions to farrow.

OHIO EGG PRODUCTION

Egg production in Ohio during August, 2004, totaled 621 million eggs; down slightly from last month and down five percent compared with a year earlier when production for August, 2003, totaled 654 million eggs. During August, there were 27.9 million layers on Ohio farms. The rate of lay during August, 2004, was 2,225 eggs per 100 layers, or 71.8 percent. There were 5.0 percent of the layers in Ohio being force molted on September 1, 2004, compared with 4.0 percent on the same date a year earlier. Twenty-six and one-half percent of the layers in Ohio have completed a forced molt compared with 24.5 percent from a year ago. In the 30 major egg-producing states on September 1, 2004, 4.5 percent of the layers on hand were in a molt and 23.1 percent had completed a molt.

U.S. egg production totaled 7.52 billion during August 2004, up two percent from last year. Production included 6.43 billion table eggs, and 1.09 billion hatching eggs, of which 1.03 billion were broiler-type and 60.0 million were egg-type. The total number of layers during August 2004 averaged 342 million, up two percent from a year earlier. August egg production per 100 layers was 2,197 eggs, down slightly from August 2003.

of 284 million layers producing table or market type eggs, 55.8 million layers producing broiler-type hatching eggs, and 2.64 million layers producing egg-type hatching eggs. Rate of lay per day on September 1, 2004, averaged 70.8 eggs per 100 layers, up slightly from a year ago. Laying flocks in the 30 major egg producing States produced 7.03 billion eggs during August 2004, up two percent from a year ago. The average number of layers during August, at 320 million, was up two percent from a year ago. Egg-type chicks hatched during August totaled 36.0 million, up nine percent from August 2003. Eggs in incubators totaled 32.5 million on September 1, 2004, up one percent from a year ago. The August 2004 hatch of broiler-type chicks, at 810 million, was up three percent from August of the previous year. There were 654 million eggs in incubators on September 1, 2004, up three percent from a year earlier.

up two percent from a year ago. The 342 million layers consisted

Turkey eggs in incubators on September 1, 2004, in the United States totaled 28.3 million, down slightly from September 1 a year ago. Eggs in incubators were seven percent below the August 2004 total of 30.6 million.

All layers in the U.S. on September 1, 2004, totaled 342 million,

AUGUST EGG PRODUCTION

	Layers	Layers on hand						
	during month		Eggs per 100 layers	Mon	thly	Accumulated 1/		
	2003	2004	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	
	Thou	Thousands			Million			
OHIO	28,873	27,911	2,225	654	621	5,767	5,490	
U.S.	334,332	342,039	2,197	7,367	7,515	65,319	66,488	

¹/ Accumulation period began December of previous year.

CHICKS HATCHED BY COMMERCIAL HATCHERIES, UNITED STATES

	Egg-Type				Broiler-type			Turkeys placed 1/		
	2003	2004	2004/2003	2003	2004	2004/2003	2003	2004	2004/2003	
	Thousands Percen		Percent	Thous	ands	Percent	Thousands		Percent	
Aug.	33,199	36,024	109	784,037	809,820	103	24,036	23,654	98	
Jan-Aug	281,608	289,320	103	6,117,582	6,279,723	103	293,406	281,524	96	

^{1/}Accumulation period for turkeys begins September 1.

EGGS IN INCUBATORS - SEPTEMBER 1

	Egg-type eggs			Bı	Broiler-type eggs			Turkey eggs		
	2003	2004	2004/2003	2003	2004	2004/2003	2003	2004	2004/2003	
	Thousands		Percent	Thousands		Percent	Thousands		Percent	
East North Central 1/	7,318	6,381	87	7,979	9,426	118	4,604	4,478	97	
United States	32,163	32,539	101	632,686	654,351	103	28,404	28,308	100	

¹/Not available by States

AUGUST MILK PRODUCTION

The total milk production in Ohio during August 2004 was 383 million pounds, up four percent from a year earlier. The average number of cows on Ohio farms during August 2004 was 266 thousand, six thousand more than last year. The yield per cow, at 1,440 pounds, was up one percent from the August 2003 yield of 1,420 pounds.

Milk production in the 20 major States during August totaled 12.4 billion pounds, up 1.5 percent from August 2003. July

revised production, at 12.5 billion pounds was up one percent from July 2003. The July revision represented a increase of 36 million pounds or 0.3 percent from last month's preliminary production estimate. Production per cow in the 20 major States averaged 1,595 pounds for August, 24 pounds above August 2003. The number of cows on farms in the 20 major States was 7.77 million head, 5,000 head less than August 2003, but 7,000 head more than July 2004.

JULY MANUFACTURED DAIRY PRODUCTS

		Ohio		United States			
	2003	2004	04/03	2003	2004	04/03	
	1,000 C	allons	Percent	1,000 Gallons		Percent	
Ice Cream (Hard)	2,952	2,287	77	84,507	79,629	94	

AUGUST M	<u> IILK COWS AND MILK PRO</u>	DUCTION
n form 1/	Mills per con 2/	1

Ctata	Milk cows on farm " Milk per cow " Milk Production"									
State	Aug 2003	July 2004 *	Aug 2004	Aug 2003	July 2004 *	Aug 2004	Aug 2003	July 2004 *	Aug 2004	04/03
		Thousand			Pounds			Aillion Pound	Percent	
California	1,693	1,729	1,733	1,755	1,780	1,775	2,971	3,078	3,076	104
Ohio	260	266	266	1,420	1,460	1,440	369	388	383	104
Wisconsin	1,254	1,240	1,240	1,495	1,505	1,495	1,875	1,866	1,854	99
20 State Total	7,771	7,759	7,766	1,571	1,616	1,595	12,207	12,541	12,387	102

¹/ Includes dry cows, excludes heifers not yet fresh. ²/ Excludes milk sucked by calves. *Revised.

OHIO RED MEAT PRODUCTION

Commercial red meat production in Ohio during August 2004 totaled 27.5 million pounds; up two percent from a year earlier. Total live weight production in Ohio by species, compared with a year earlier was: cattle, 10.2 million pounds, down 18 percent; calves, 2.3 million pounds, up 42 percent from last year; hogs, 28.4 million pounds, up five percent; sheep & lambs, 178 thousand pounds, down slightly from last year. August 2004 contained 22 weekdays and four Saturdays.

Commercial red meat production for the United States totaled 3.88 billion pounds in August, down one percent from the 3.92 billion pounds produced in August 2003.

Beef production, at 2.15 billion pounds, was eight percent below the previous year. Cattle slaughter totaled 2.82 million head, down ten percent from August 2003. The average live weight was up 27 pounds from the previous year, at 1,252 pounds.

Veal production totaled 13.9 million pounds, two percent below August a year ago. Calf slaughter totaled 72,800 head, down nine percent from August 2003. The average live weight was 26 pounds above last year, at 320 pounds.

Pork production totaled 1.70 billion pounds, up nine percent from the previous year, and was a record monthly high. Hog kill totaled 8.72 million head, eight percent above August 2003. The average live weight was two pounds above the previous year, at 262 pounds.

Lamb and mutton production, at 15.1 million pounds, was down four percent from August 2003. Sheep slaughter totaled 232,600 head, four percent below last year. The average live weight was 129 pounds, unchanged from August a year ago.

AUGUST COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER

		Ohio			United States			
Item	2003	2004	Pct. of prev. yr.	2003	2004	Pct. of prev. yr.		
			Number	of head (000)				
Cattle	10.9	9.0	83	3,138.8	2,819.3	90		
Calves	4.3	5.8	135	79.6	72.8	91		
Hogs	101.6	107.2	106	8,057.9	8,719.8	108		
Sheep & lambs	1.5	1.5	100	241.6	232.6	96		
•			Average 1	ive weight (lbs)				
Cattle	1,140	1,141	100	1,225	1,252	102		
Calves	386	400	104	294	320	109		
Hogs	267	265	99	260	262	101		
Sheep & lambs	116	117	101	129	129	100		
•			Total live	weight (000 lbs)				
Cattle	12,461	10,226	82	3,846,377	3,529,724	92		
Calves	1,642	2,325	142	23,432	23,293	99		
Hogs	27,142	28,426	105	2,098,465	2,283,391	109		
Sheep & lambs	179	178	99	31,262	30,109	96		

U.S. COLD STORAGE HIGHLIGHTS

Frozen food stocks in refrigerated warehouses on August 31, 2004 were greater than year earlier levels for beef, chicken, orange juice, frozen fruit, and cheese.

Butter stocks were down 16 percent from last month and down 36 percent from a year ago.

Total red meat supplies in freezers were up four percent from last year. Frozen pork stocks were up four percent from last month, but down 10 percent from the previous year. Stocks of pork bellies were down 35 percent from last month and down 16 percent from last year.

Total frozen poultry supplies on August 31, 2004 were one percent lower than the previous month and one percent lower than a year ago. Total stocks of chicken were down slightly from the previous month, but 18 percent higher than last year. Total pounds of turkey in freezers were down two percent from last month and down 17 percent from August 31, 2003.

U.S. STOCKS IN COLD STORAGE AUGUST 31, 2003 WITH COMPARISONS

Commodity	Aug 31,	July 31,	Aug 31,	August 31, 2004 as percent of	
·	2003	2004	2004	08/31/03	07/31/04
	•	1,000 Pounds	•	Per	cent
Butter	253,913	193,520	162,897	64	84
Cheese, Total Natural	794,215	869,602	819,037	103	94
Eggs, Frozen	18,044	16,720	17,157	95	103
Fruits, Frozen	993,973	1,061,577	1,054,420	106	99
Fruit Juices, Frozen	1,967,307	2,351,042	2,230,721	113	95
Meats, Total Red	817,317	814,258	848,908	104	104
Beef, Total Frozen	370,992	427,047	447,736	121	105
Pork, Total Frozen	430,239	373,399	387,899	90	104
Poultry, Total Frozen	1,328,264	1,330,851	1,314,131	99	99
Chicken	617,698	730,290	728,071	118	100
Turkeys	706,502	599,589	585,059	83	98
Vegetables, Total Frozen	1,993,439	1,670,127	1,963,283	98	118
Potatoes, Total Frozen	1,070,421	1,117,070	1,126,930	105	101

Data for this report are collected from public and private refrigerated warehouses storing commodities from 30 days or more. Stocks in space owned or leased by the armed forces are excluded. Food stocks held under bond are included in the storage data.

Address Service Requested

OLLICIVE BUSINESS

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